Attorney Docket No.: 108420-00022

IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) An exhaust emission control system for an internal combustion engine, having an exhaust system comprising:

a nitrogen oxide removing means provided in the exhaust system of said engine for absorbing nitrogen oxide contained in exhaust gases in an exhaust lean condition;

a sulfur oxide amount estimating means for estimating the amount of sulfur oxide absorbed in said nitrogen oxide removing means; and

a sulfur oxide removing means for removing the sulfur oxide when the sulfur oxide amount estimated by said sulfur oxide amount estimating means has reached a set value;

wherein said sulfur oxide amount estimating means estimates an amount of change per unit time in the sulfur oxide amount according to an air-fuel ratio of an air-fuel mixture supplied to said engine and an operating condition of said engine, and accumulates the estimated amount of change to thereby estimate the sulfur oxide amount,

wherein said sulfur oxide amount estimating means includes a first estimating means for estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount according to the operating condition of said engine when the air-fuel ratio is set in the vicinity of a stoichiometric ratio, a second estimating means for estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount according to the operating condition of said engine when the air-fuel ratio is set in a lean region with respect to the stoichiometric ratio, and a third estimating means for estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount

Attorney Docket No.: 108420-00022

according to the operating condition of said engine when the air-fuel ratio is set in a rich

region with respect to the stoichiometric ratio.

2. (Canceled).

3. (Currently Amended) The exhaust emission control system according to claim

[[2]] <u>1</u>, wherein:

said first estimating means outputs a first negative amount of change in the sulfur

oxide amount in the engine operating condition where the temperature of said nitrogen

oxide removing means is higher than or equal to a first predetermined temperature, and

outputs a first positive amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount in the engine

operating condition where the temperature of said nitrogen oxide removing means is

lower than the first predetermined temperature;

said second estimating means outputs a second positive amount of change in

the sulfur oxide amount according to the operating condition of said engine; and

said third estimating means outputs a second negative amount of change in the

sulfur oxide amount in the engine operating condition where the temperature of said

nitrogen oxide removing means is higher than or equal to a second predetermined

temperature which is lower than the first predetermined temperature, and outputs a third

positive amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount in the engine operating condition

where the temperature of said nitrogen oxide removing means is lower than the second

predetermined temperature.

4. (Original) The exhaust emission control system according to claim 3, wherein:

said first estimating means calculates the first negative amount of change so that

the absolute value of the first negative amount of change increases with an increase in

a rotational speed and/or an intake pressure of said engine, and calculates the first

positive amount of change so that the first positive amount of change decreases with an

increase in the rotational speed and/or the intake pressure of said engine;

said second estimating means calculates the second positive amount of change

so that the second positive amount of change increases with an increase in the

rotational speed and/or the intake pressure of said engine; and

said third estimating means calculates the second negative amount of change so

that the absolute value of the second negative amount of change increases with an

increase in the rotational speed and/or the intake pressure of said engine, and

calculates the third positive amount of change so that the third positive amount of

change decreases with an increase in the rotational speed and/or the intake pressure of

said engine.

5. (Original) The exhaust emission control system according to claim 1, wherein

said sulfur oxide removing means sets the air-fuel ratio in the vicinity of the

stoichiometric ratio over a predetermined time period and subsequently sets the air-fuel

ratio to a rich air-fuel ratio with respect to the stoichiometric ratio when removing the

sulfur oxide.

Attorney Docket No.: 108420-00022

6. (Original) The exhaust emission control system according to claim 1, wherein

said sulfur oxide removing means retards the ignition timing of said engine from a

normal set value, stops the exhaust gas recirculation, and controls the amount of intake

air supplied to said engine so that the output torque of said engine does not change

when removing the sulfur oxide.

7. (Currently Amended) An exhaust emission control system for an internal

combustion engine, having an exhaust system comprising:

a nitrogen oxide removing device provided in the exhaust system of said engine

for absorbing nitrogen oxide contained in exhaust gases in an exhaust lean condition;

a sulfur oxide amount estimating module for estimating the amount of sulfur

oxide absorbed in said nitrogen oxide removing device; and

a sulfur oxide removing module for removing the sulfur oxide when the sulfur

oxide amount estimated by said sulfur oxide amount estimating module has reached a

set value;

wherein said sulfur oxide amount estimating module estimates an amount of

change per unit time in the sulfur oxide amount according to an air-fuel ratio of an air-

fuel mixture supplied to said engine and an operating condition of said engine, and

accumulates the estimated amount of change to thereby estimate the sulfur oxide

amount,

wherein said sulfur oxide amount estimating module includes a first estimating

module for estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount according to the

operating condition of said engine when the air-fuel ratio is set in the vicinity of a

Attorney Docket No.: 108420-00022

stoichiometric ratio, a second estimating module for estimating the amount of change in

the sulfur oxide amount according to the operating condition of said engine when the

air-fuel ratio is set in a lean region with respect to the stoichiometric ratio, and a third

estimating module for estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount

according to the operating condition of said engine when the air-fuel ratio is set in a rich

region with respect to the stoichiometric ratio.

8. (Canceled).

9. (Currently Amended) The exhaust emission control system according to claim

[[8]] <u>7</u>, wherein:

said first estimating module outputs a first negative amount of change in the

sulfur oxide amount in the engine operating condition where the temperature of said

nitrogen oxide removing device is higher than or equal to a first predetermined

temperature, and outputs a first positive amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount in

the engine operating condition where the temperature of said nitrogen oxide removing

device is lower than the first predetermined temperature;

said second estimating module outputs a second positive amount of change in

the sulfur oxide amount according to the operating condition of said engine; and

said third estimating module outputs a second negative amount of change in the

sulfur oxide amount in the engine operating condition where the temperature of said

nitrogen oxide removing device is higher than or equal to a second predetermined

temperature which is lower than the first predetermined temperature, and outputs a third

where the temperature of said nitrogen oxide removing device is lower than the second

predetermined temperature.

10. (Original) The exhaust emission control system according to claim 9,

wherein:

said first estimating module calculates the first negative amount of change so

that the absolute value of the first negative amount of change increases with an

increase in a rotational speed and/or an intake pressure of said engine, and calculates

the first positive amount of change so that the first positive amount of change decreases

with an increase in the rotational speed and/or the intake pressure of said engine;

said second estimating module calculates the second positive amount of change

so that the second positive amount of change increases with an increase in the

rotational speed and/or the intake pressure of said engine; and

said third estimating module calculates the second negative amount of change

so that the absolute value of the second negative amount of change increases with an

increase in the rotational speed and/or the intake pressure of said engine, and

calculates the third positive amount of change so that the third positive amount of

change decreases with an increase in the rotational speed and/or the intake pressure of

said engine.

11. (Original) The exhaust emission control system according to claim 7, wherein

said sulfur oxide removing module sets the air-fuel ratio in the vicinity of the

Attorney Docket No.: 108420-00022

stoichiometric ratio over a predetermined time period and subsequently sets the air-fuel

ratio to a rich air-fuel ratio with respect to the stoichiometric ratio when removing the

sulfur oxide.

12. (Original) The exhaust emission control system according to claim 7, wherein

said sulfur oxide removing module retards the ignition timing of said engine from a

normal set value, stops the exhaust gas recirculation, and controls the amount of intake

air supplied to said engine so that the output torque of said engine does not change

when removing the sulfur oxide.

13. (Currently Amended) A computer program for causing a computer to carry

out a method for removing sulfur oxide absorbed in a nitrogen oxide removing means

provided in an exhaust system of an internal combustion engine for absorbing nitrogen

oxide contained in exhaust gases in an exhaust lean condition, said method comprising

the steps of:

a) estimating an amount of change per unit time in sulfur oxide absorbed in said

nitrogen oxide removing means according to the air-fuel ratio of an air-fuel mixture

supplied to said engine and an operating condition of said engine[[;]], comprising the

steps of:

i) estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount according to the

operating condition of said engine when the air-fuel ratio is set in the vicinity of the

stoichiometric ratio,

Attorney Docket No.: 108420-00022

ii) estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount according to

the operating condition of said engine when the air-fuel ratio is set in a lean region with

respect to the stoichiometric ratio, and

iii) estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amountaccording to

the operating condition of said engine when the air-fuel ratio is set in a rich region with

respect to the stoichiometric ratio;

b) accumulating the estimated amount of change to thereby estimate an amount

of sulfur oxide absorbed in said nitrogen oxide removing means; and

c) removing the sulfur oxide when the estimated sulfur oxide amount has

reached a set value.

14. (Canceled).

15. (Currently Amended) The computer program according to claim [[14]] 13,

wherein:

the step i) of estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount

comprises the steps of calculating a first negative amount of change in the sulfur oxide

amount in the engine operating condition where the temperature of said nitrogen oxide

removing means is higher than or equal to a first predetermined temperature, and

calculating a first positive amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount in the engine

operating condition where the temperature of said nitrogen oxide removing means is

lower than the first predetermined temperature;

the step ii) of estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount comprises the step of calculating a second positive amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount according to the operating condition of said engine; and

the step iii) of estimating the amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount comprises the steps of calculating a second negative amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount in an engine operating condition where the temperature of said nitrogen oxide removing device is higher than or equal to a second predetermined temperature which is lower than the first predetermined temperature, and calculating a third positive amount of change in the sulfur oxide amount in an engine operating condition where the temperature of said nitrogen oxide removing device is lower than the second predetermined temperature.

16. (Original) The computer program according to claim 15, wherein:

the first negative amount of change is calculated so that the absolute value of the first negative amount of change increases with an increase in a rotational speed and/or an intake pressure of said engine;

the first positive amount of change is calculated so that the first positive amount of change decreases with an increase in the rotational speed and/or the intake pressure of said engine;

the second positive amount of change is calculated so that the second positive amount of change increases with an increase in the rotational speed and/or the intake pressure of said engine;

Attorney Docket No.: 108420-00022

the second negative amount of change is calculated so that the absolute value of

the second negative amount of change increases with an increase in the rotational

speed and/or the intake pressure of said engine; and

the third positive amount of change is calculated so that the third positive amount

of change decreases with an increase in the rotational speed and/or the intake pressure

of said engine.

17. (Original) The computer program according to claim 13, wherein the step c)

of removing sulfur oxide comprises the steps of setting the air-fuel ratio in the vicinity of

the stoichiometric ratio over a predetermined time period, and subsequently setting the

air-fuel ratio to a rich air-furl ratio with respect to the stoichiometric ratio.

18. (Original) The computer program according to claim 13, wherein the step c)

of removing sulfur oxide comprises the steps of retarding the ignition timing of said

engine from a normal set value, stopping the exhaust gas recirculation, and controlling

the amount of intake air supplied to said engine so that the output torque of said engine

does not change.